

DEVON & SOMERSET FIRE & RESCUE AUTHORITY

M. Pearson CLERK TO THE AUTHORITY

To: The Chair and Members of the People Committee

(see below)

SERVICE HEADQUARTERS THE KNOWLE CLYST ST GEORGE EXETER DEVON EX3 0NW

Your ref : Our ref : PC/MP/SS Website : www.dsfire.gov.uk Date : 21 October 2022 Please ask for : Sam Sharman Email : ssharman@dsfire.gov.uk Telephone : 01392 872200 Fax : 01392 872300 Direct Telephone : 01392 872393

PEOPLE COMMITTEE (Devon & Somerset Fire & Rescue Authority)

Monday, 31st October, 2022

A meeting of the People Committee will be held on the above date, <u>commencing at</u> <u>10.00 am in Committee Room A, Somerset House, Devon & Somerset Fire &</u> <u>Rescue Service Headquarters</u> to consider the following matters.

> M. Pearson Clerk to the Authority

SUPPLEMTARY AGENDA NO. 1

PLEASE REFER TO THE NOTES AT THE END OF THE AGENDA LISTING SHEETS

4. **a** <u>Core Competency Performance Review</u> (Pages 1 - 8)

Report of the Director of Service Delivery (PC/22/11(A)).

MEMBERS ARE REQUESTED TO SIGN THE ATTENDANCE REGISTER

Membership:-

Councillors Hannaford (Chair), Best, Clayton (Vice-Chair), Kendall, Peart, Thomas and Trail BEM

NOTES							
1.	1. Access to Information						
	Any person wishing to inspect any minutes, reports or lists of background papers relating to any item on this agenda should contact the person listed in the "Please ask for" section at the top of this agenda.						
2.	Reporting of Meetings						
	Any person attending a meeting may report (film, photograph or make an audio recording) on any part of the meeting which is open to the public – unless there is good reason not to do so, as directed by the Chair - and use any communication method, including the internet and social media (Facebook, Twitter etc.), to publish, post or otherwise share the report. The Authority accepts no liability for the content or accuracy of any such report, which should not be construed as representing the official, Authority record of the meeting. Similarly, any views expressed in such reports should not be interpreted as representing the views of the Authority. Flash photography is not permitted and any filming must be done as unobtrusively as possible from a single fixed position without the use of any additional lighting; focusing only on those actively participating in the meeting and having regard also to the wishes of any member of the public present who may not wish to be filmed. As a matter of courtesy, anyone wishing to film proceedings is asked to advise the Chair or the Democratic Services Officer in attendance so that all those present may be made aware that is happening.						
3.	Declarations of Interests at meetings (Authority Members only)						
	If you are present at a meeting and you are aware that you have either a disclosable pecuniary interest, personal interest or non-registerable interest in any matter being considered or to be considered at the meeting then, unless you have a current and relevant dispensation in relation to the matter, you must:						
	 disclose at that meeting, by no later than commencement of consideration of the item in which you have the interest or, if later, the time at which the interest becomes apparent to you, the existence of and – for anything other than a "sensitive" interest – the nature of that interest; and then 						
	 (ii) withdraw from the room or chamber during consideration of the item in which you have the relevant interest. 						
	If the interest is sensitive (as agreed with the Monitoring Officer), you need not disclose the nature of the interest but merely that you have an interest of a sensitive nature. You must still follow (i) and (ii) above.						
	Where a dispensation has been granted to you either by the Authority or its Monitoring Officer in relation to any relevant interest, then you must act in accordance with any terms and conditions associated with that dispensation.						
	Where you declare at a meeting a disclosable pecuniary or personal interest that you have not previously included in your Register of Interests then you must, within 28 days of the date of the meeting at which the declaration was made, ensure that your Register is updated to include details of the interest so declared.						

	NOTES (Continued)					
4.	Part 2 Reports					
	Members are reminded that any Part 2 reports as circulated with the agenda for this meeting contain exempt information and should therefore be treated accordingly. They should not be disclosed or passed on to any other person(s). Members are also reminded of the need to dispose of such reports carefully and are therefore invited to return them to the Committee Secretary at the conclusion of the meeting for disposal.					
5. Substitute Members (Committee Meetings only)						
	Members are reminded that, in accordance with Standing Orders, the Clerk (or his representative) must be advised of any substitution prior to the start of the meeting. Members are also reminded that substitutions are not permitted for full Authority meetings.					
6.	Other Attendance at Committees)					
	Any Authority Member wishing to attend, in accordance with Standing Orders, a meeting of a Committee of which they are not a Member should contact the Democratic Services Officer (see "please ask for" on the front page of this agenda) in advance of the meeting.					

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Agenda Item 4a

REPORT REFERENCE NO.	PC/22/11(A)		
MEETING	PEOPLE COMMITTEE		
DATE OF MEETING	31 OCTOBER 2022		
SUBJECT OF REPORT	CORE COMPETENCY PERFORMANCE REVIEW		
LEAD OFFICER	ACFO PETE BOND, DIRECTOR OF SERVICE DELIVERY		
RECOMMENDATIONS	That the proposal for assessing core competency measures, as identified in Section 3 of this report, and reporting on this to the Committee be approved.		
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	At the previous meeting on 22 July 2022, the Committee requested a review of the performance measure for operational core competency skills.		
	This review has now been undertaken and a number of revisions are now proposed. If implemented, these revisions will enable appropriate quality assurance of data, provide context regarding the Service, Group and Station impact and demonstrate the Service's ability to discharge operational capabilities.		
RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS	Nil.		
EQUALITY RISKS AND BENEFITS ANALYSIS	N/A		
APPENDICES	A. Indicative core competence performance using revised measures.		
BACKGROUND PAPERS	Nil.		

1. BACKGROUND AND INTRODUCTION

1.1. Strategic Policy Objective 3(a), as approved by the Authority, is to:

Ensure that the workforce is highly trained and has the capability and capacity to deliver services professionally, safely and effectively

1.2. Performance against this (and other, relevant Strategic Policy Objectives) is reported regularly to this Committee. At its last meeting, the People Committee resolved (Minute *PC/22/5 refers):

That a review of the performance measure for operational core competency skills be undertaken and reported back to the Committee at a future meeting.

1.3. This review has now been undertaken and, in light of this, it is proposed that moving forwards, the organisational impact of competency be measured rather than reporting simply on competency figures, thereby providing greater assurance that the Service retains the ability to discharge operational capabilities.

2. <u>CURRENT POSITION</u>

2.1. At present, the same performance percentage is applied across all competency areas, regardless of competence type, as follows:

Current competence performance threshold:

- 98%-100% Green;
- 95% -98% Amber; and
- <95% Red.
- 2.2. There can, however, be several elements or qualification levels that contribute to the competency headlines. For example, 4 elements (operational, tactical, strategic and JESIP [Joint Emergency Services Interoperability Programme] feed into the Incident Command competency. Furthermore, all skills are not necessarily relevant to all operational staff. Rather, the skills required may be based on staff role and location e.g. the Service policy for casualty care only requires 60% of operational staff to be appropriately trained.
- 2.3. The table below illustrates the distribution of skills and how many of the 1,560 operational staff require them:

Core Competence.	No. required	
Inc. Subsections of competence.	out of 1,560	
Breathing Apparatus (BA)	1,516	
Incident Command (ICS)	684	
Inc.: Operational, Tactical, Strategic and JESIP	004	
Water Rescue	1,309	
Inc.: Water Rescue 1st Responder, Water Rescue Technician	1,309	
Working at Height and Confined Spaces (SHACS)	1199	
Inc.: Levels 1, 2, 3	1199	
Maritime Level 2	432	

Core Competence. Inc. Subsections of competence.	No. required out of 1,560
Casualty Care (CC) Inc.: Levels 1, 2	1,258
Response Driving	
Inc.: Primary Response (Primary Response Driving Competency - PRDC); Fire Appliance (Emergency Fire Appliance Driving -	997
EFAD) Specialist Vehicles	

- 2.4. Assessing performance at a Service level has the potential to generalise the impact and oversee potential issues at a local level. For example, 1,516 people are required to be trained in Breathing Apparatus (BA). If 10% (151) people were not competent, this equates to less than 2 people per fire station. If this were spread across the whole Service, it would have no impact on overall operational response. If, however, all if all 151 were clustered within a small, defined, geographical area, then it would have a significant impact on the operational response for that area.
- 2.5. The table below identifies other current factors that currently impact and effect Service Delivery in maintaining competence performance figures:

Factors impacting performance	% per month impacting performance
Course failures	1% per month
Returning from long term absences that require a course	0.8% per month.
Course Non-attendances i.e. short term sickness	5.9% per month.
	Total 7.7%.
ICT system limitations.	13% (238) of operational Service staff hold two contracts i.e. wholetime and on-call roles. This impacts the Dashboard as these people are counted twice.

2.6. The net impact of these elements is that the current "red, amber, green" targets (as per paragraph 2.1 above) are more challenging to achieve and do not provide the necessary assurance for maintaining appropriate and relevant competency levels across the Service.

3. PROPOSED COMPETENCY MEASURES

3.1. To address the issues identified above, the following revisions are proposed:

(a). To revise the competence performance threshold

Given the limiting factors identified above and current Service policy requirements, it is proposed that the overall performance threshold be revised to:

• 95%-100% - Green

- 90%-95% Amber
- <90% Red.

Appendix A to this report shows current Service competency based on these revised thresholds.

(b). To present the actual impact of such performance on the Service.

In addition to the competency thresholds, to apply a risk-based impact assessment thereby demonstrating actual impact on front line service provision. This will enable the Committee to review the front-line impact and contextualise the performance figures, thus ensuring any remedial actions required are proportionate.

Where there is a reduction in performance, this will be analysed and presented to the Committee both by overall service impact and impact on service groups.

The charts below use casualty care as a working example due to the current overprovision of trained staff (the current Service Policy only requiring 60% of all operational staff to be trained in this skill).

Chart A below shows the overall Service impact:

Chart A

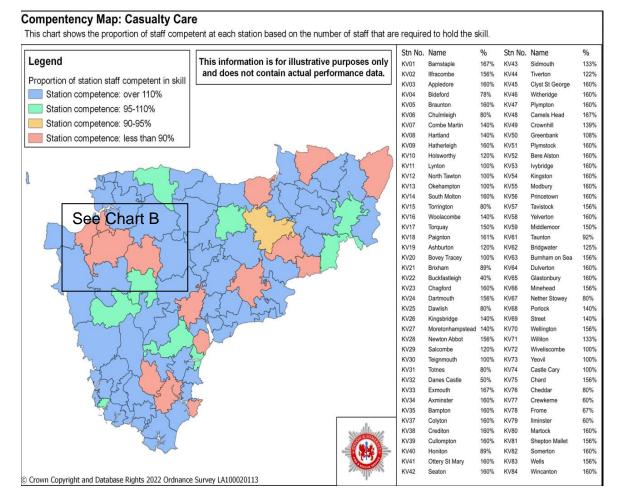
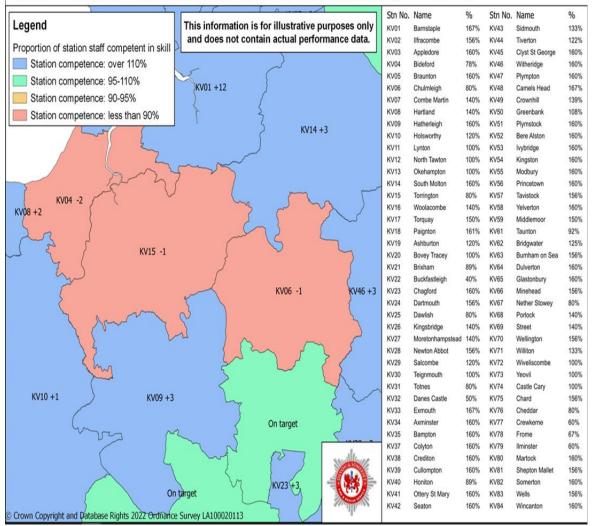


Chart B below shows a deficit in competency level clustered within a particular response group i.e., the red cluster shown in the box above.

Chart B

Compentency Map: Casualty Care

This chart shows the proportion of staff competent at each station based on the number of staff that are required to hold the skill.



Where a deficit in competency levels is clustered *within a particular station*, this may result in an inability to respond to incidents only where that skill would be required. The impact of this will be reviewed at a station level, by exception, and remedial actions required presented to the Committee for scrutiny and assurance.

- 3.2. Using the illustration above the Service would:
 - Investigate and illustrate the impact within the clustered red zone (<90%) and, at a group level, present actions to address the clustered deficit illustrated; and
 - Present actions to address any over provision of training in certain areas, thereby potentially making saving in courses, instructor time, planning and requalification.

3.3. Ultimately, the intention would be to integrate and automate this information within the competency performance system using visualisation software (e.g., Microsoft PowerApps) to present a real-time view.

4. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

- 4.1. At its last meeting, the Committee requested that a be review of the performance measure for operational core competency skills, with the outcome reported back to a future meeting.
- 4.2. This review has now been undertaken and arising from it a number of measures are proposed which, if implemented, should:
 - improve core competency performance measurement by reflecting more accurately the actual impact of performance deficits for the Service;
 - enable more targeted and proportionate remedial actions to be taken; and
 - facilitate more effective and efficient scrutiny by the Committee.
- 4.3. The revised measures are, therefore, commended for approval.

ACFO PETE BOND Director of Service Delivery

APPENDIX A TO REPORT PC/22/11(A)

Core	Measur	Rationale	% as	Impact
Competence. inc. subsections of competence.	е		of 19.10. 2022	and action taken
Breathing Apparatus (BA)	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	All operational staff to be trained in BA. 90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long-term absence and non- attendance.	98.6 %	Within tolerance for each location
Incident Command (ICS) Inc.: Operational, Tactical, Strategic and JESIP	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	Only people required to assume operational command have this skill. 90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long term absence and non- attendance.	98.7 %	Within tolerance for each location
Water Rescue Inc.: Water Rescue 1st Responder Water Rescue Technician	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	 A minimum of 2 trained people per appliance is required to enable a response. If performance is low in a particular area, narrative of corrective actions will be provided. 90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long term absence and non-attendance. 	94.4 %	Within tolerance for each location
Working at Height and Confined Spaces (SHACS) Inc.: Level 1, 2, 3	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	 If performance is low in a particular area, narrative of corrective actions will be provided. 90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long term absence and non-attendance. 	90.6 %	Within tolerance for each location
Maritime Level 2 The percentage for Maritime is based on 404 people needing the skill (those on a maritime station).	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	 There are 15 stations identified as requiring maritime training. If performance is low in a particular area, narrative of corrective actions will be provided. 90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long term absence and non-attendance. 	96.6 %	Within tolerance for each location

APPENDIX A TO REPORT PC/22/11(A)

Casualty Care (CC) Inc.: Level 1, 2	< 60% + Risk based impact identifie d	Service policy states 60% of operational personnel trained to this standard.60% is 950 people. Currently 1235 trained (97.1%)	130 %	Within tolerance for each location
Response Driving Inc.: Primary Response (PRDC) Fire Appliance (EFAD) Specialist Vehicles	< 90% + Risk based impact identifie d	90% provides tolerance for course failures, personnel returning from long term absence and non-attendance.	98.4 %	Within tolerance for each location